

## Tile Setting Best Practices Exam

1. **Potential job site hazards for tile setters include:**
  - A. Falling from ladders
  - B. Cuts from tools or jagged materials
  - C. Muscle strains and back injuries
  - D. All of the above
2. **True or False: Less than half of workers who sustained hand injuries were not wearing gloves.**
  - A. True
  - B. False
3. **How many workers suffer serious and often disabling hand injuries each year?**
  - A. Less than 100,000 per year
  - B. Between 100,000 and 200,000 per year
  - C. Between 200,000 and 300,000 per year
  - D. Over 300,000 per year
4. **True or False: If you wear regular glasses or contact lenses, you must also wear safety glasses that wrap around and stay as close to the face as possible.**
  - A. True
  - B. False
5. **What should be considered before a tile setter lifts stone?**
  - A. Know your limit and try not to exceed it
  - B. Ask for help if needed
  - C. Divide the load to make it lighter
  - D. All of the above
6. **True or False: Knees take a force of six times your body weight every time you take a step.**
  - A. True
  - B. False
7. **When damaged, power tools and extension cords can cause?**
  - A. Electric Shock
  - B. Over-heating of machines
  - C. Inconsistent power to the machine
  - D. None of the above

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8. **When erecting a scaffolding, workers should:**
- A. Choose a clear area with sound footing
  - B. Add guardrails and toe boards to prevent slips
  - C. Recycle leftover products left by other trades to reinforce the scaffolding
  - D. Both A and B
9. **True or False: The overall project at a commercial site is under the safety standards umbrella orchestrated by the Department of Labor.**
- A. True
  - B. False
10. **Some common tasks and hazards that would be reference in a tile setters job hazard analysis include:**
- A. Mixing mortar with mortar box or gas
  - B. Applying thin set to substrate for tile and grout to tile
  - C. Cutting a tile with a 4-inch grinder
  - D. All of the above