

Exam – Pneumatic Nail Gun Safety

True (T) or False (F)

1. T F Pneumatic nail guns get their direct energy source from electricity.
2. T F Nail guns should always be lifted or moved by the air hose.
3. T F The air hose can pose a tripping hazard if improperly positioned.
4. T F A sequential tool requires two (2) separate actions to discharge the a nail, first the safety tip must contact and remain in contact with the work piece and then the trigger can be pulled whereas a contact tool discharges a nail by pulling the trigger and then contacting the work piece with the nail gun tip. This allows for bump firing.
5. T F When performing maintenance, clearing a jam or storing a nail gun, you should always disconnect the air hose.
6. T F Always keep your finger off the trigger of a nail gun until just before you intend to discharge a nail into a work piece.
7. T F Following the manufacturers and employers nail gun training and operating requirements are important parts of nail gun safety.
8. T F Never point a nail gun at a person.

(Select the best answer)

9. **Types of hazards associated with nail gun use are:**
 - A. Work piece splinter or blowout
 - B. Puncture through the work piece and into what is behind it
 - C. Nail fire through
 - D. All of the above

10. **Which of the following are important for nail gun safety?**
 - A. Ensure off-hand and other body parts are out of the line of fire
 - B. Wear employer required PPE
 - C. Do not use a defective or damaged nail gun
 - D. All of the above